- 1. Three expressions are shown below.
 - I. $(x^3)^3$
 - II. $x^4 \cdot x^5$
 - III. $x^{10} \cdot x^{-1}$

Which expressions are equivalent for all positive values of x?

- (1) I and II, only
- (3) II and III, only
- (2) I and III, only
- (4) I, II, and III
- 2. Jim uses the equation $A = P(1 + 0.05)^t$ to find the amount of money in an account, A, of an investment, P, after t years. For this equation, which phrase describes the yearly rate of change?
 - (1) decreasing by 5%
- (3) increasing by 5%
- (2) decreasing by 0.05% (4) increasing by 0.05%

3.

What are the zeros of $m(x) = x(x^2 - 16)$?

- (1) -4 and 4, only
- (3) -4, 0, and 4
- (2) -8 and 8, only
- (4) -8, 0, and 8

4.

For which function is the value of the *y*-intercept the *smallest*?

X	f(x)
-4	5
-2	4
0	3
2	2
4	1

X	h(x)
-1	3
0	2
1	3
2	6
3	11

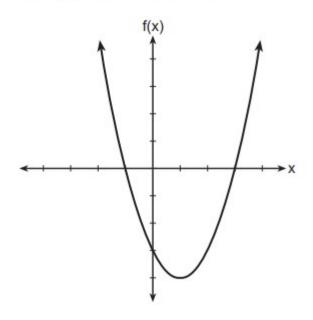
(1)

$$g(x) = |x| + 4$$

$$k(x) = 5^x$$

5.

The function f is graphed on the set of axes below.



What is a possible factorization of this function?

- (1) f(x) = (x-1)(x+3) (3) f(x) = (x+1)(x-4)
- $(2) f(x) = (x+1)(x-3) \qquad (4) f(x) = (x-1)(x+4)$

6.

The range of $f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 5$ is the set of all real numbers

- (1) less than or equal to −6
- (2) greater than or equal to -6
- (3) less than or equal to -1
- (4) greater than or equal to −1

Tables of values for four functions are shown below.

X	f(x)
0	6
1	7
2	10
3	15
4	22

X	h(x)
0	1
1	2
2	4
3	8
4	16

X	g(x)
0	0
1	-2
2	-2
3	0
4	4

X	j(x)
0	2
1	5
2	8
3	11
4	14

Which table best represents an exponential function?

$$(2)$$
 $g(x)$

8.

If $f(x) = x^2 + 3x$, then which statement is true?

$$(1) f(1) = f(-1)$$

(3)
$$f(1) = f(2)$$

$$(2) f(2) = f(-2)$$

$$(4) f(-1) = f(-2)$$

9.

Jack started a new fitness program. The first day he did 10 pushups. The program required him to increase the number of push-ups each day by doing 9 less than twice the number from the previous day. Which recursive formula correctly models Jack's new program, where n is the number of days and a_n is the number of push-ups on the nth day?

$$a_1 = 10$$

$$a_n = 2a_{n-1} - 9$$

$$\begin{array}{c} (3) \ a_1 = 10 \\ a_n = 2(n-1) - 9 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} (2) \ a_1 = 10 \\ a_n = 9 - 2a_{n-1} \end{array}$$

$$a_1 = 10$$

$$a_n = 9 - 2(n - 1)$$

10.

Which equation is equivalent to $x^2 - 6x + 4 = 0$?

(1)
$$(x-3)^2 = -4$$
 (3) $(x-3)^2 = 6$ (2) $(x-3)^2 = 5$ (4) $(x-3)^2 = 9$

$$(3) (x - 3)^2 = 6$$

$$(2) (x - 3)^2 = 5$$

$$(4) (x - 3)^2 = 9$$

Bonus

11.

Classify the expression $\frac{2}{\sqrt{144}} + \frac{\sqrt{169}}{3}$ as rational or irrational. Explain your reasoning.