

Question 1.

Which statement will ALWAYS provide a counterexample to the statement below?

If two angles are congruent, then they are right angles.

- A** $\angle A$ and $\angle B$ are right angles.
- B** $\angle A$ and $\angle B$ are supplementary angles.
- C** $\angle A$ and $\angle B$ are vertical angles.
- D** $\angle A$ and $\angle B$ both have measure 75° .

Question 2

A building that is 50 feet tall casts a shadow 30 feet long. Nearby, a tree casts a 75-foot-long shadow. How tall is the tree?

- A** 95 feet
- B** 110 feet
- C** 125 feet
- D** 140 feet

Question 3.

If $r > 0$ and $s < 0$, in which quadrant of the xy -plane does the point (r, s) lie?

- A** quadrant I
- B** quadrant II
- C** quadrant III
- D** quadrant IV

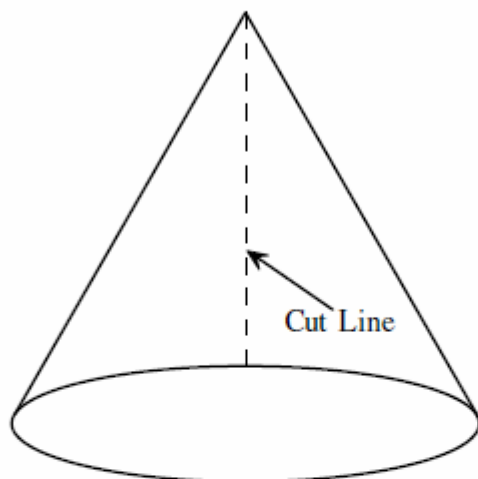
Question 4.

If the length of the side of a square changes by a factor of 3, by what factor does the area change?

- A** 3
- B** 9
- C** 12
- D** 27

Question 5.

A paper cone is cut open with a single straight cut as shown.

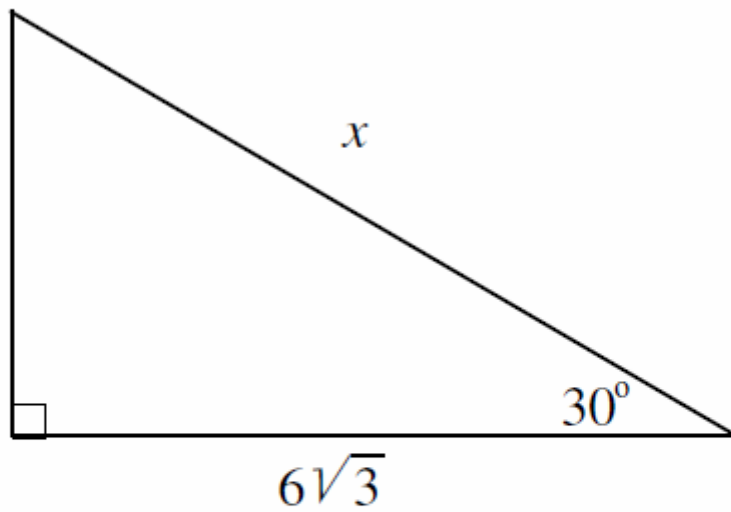


Which term BEST describes the straight cut shown?

- A** height
- B** slant height
- C** radius
- D** diameter

Question 6.

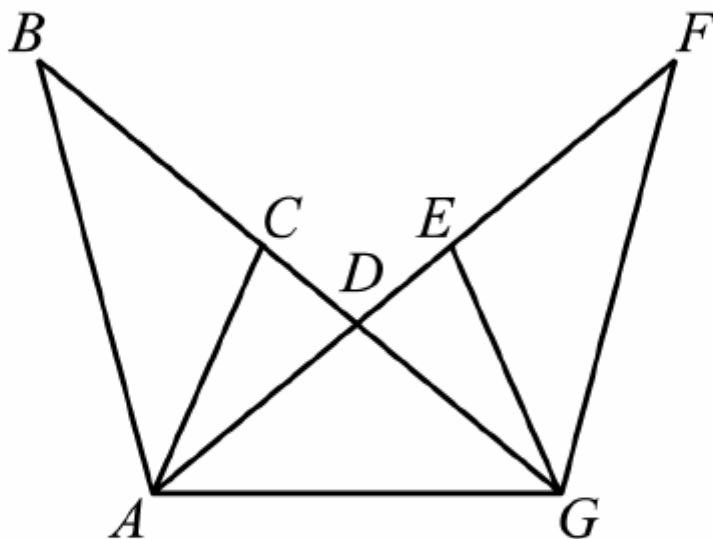
What is the value of x in the triangle below?



- A** $3\sqrt{3}$
- B** 6
- C** 12
- D** $12\sqrt{3}$

Question 7.

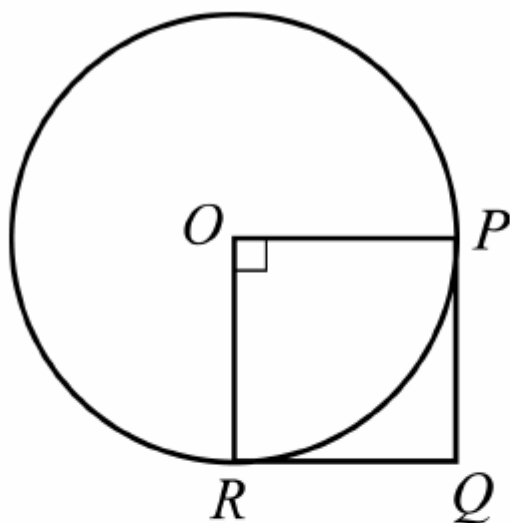
In the figure below, $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{GD}$ and $\overline{AE} \cong \overline{GC}$. Which of the following must be true?



- A $\triangle ADC \cong \triangle GDE$
- B $\triangle ABD \cong \triangle GFD$
- C $\triangle BAC \cong \triangle FGE$
- D $\triangle ADC \cong \triangle CED$

Question 8.

Point O is the center of the circle below.

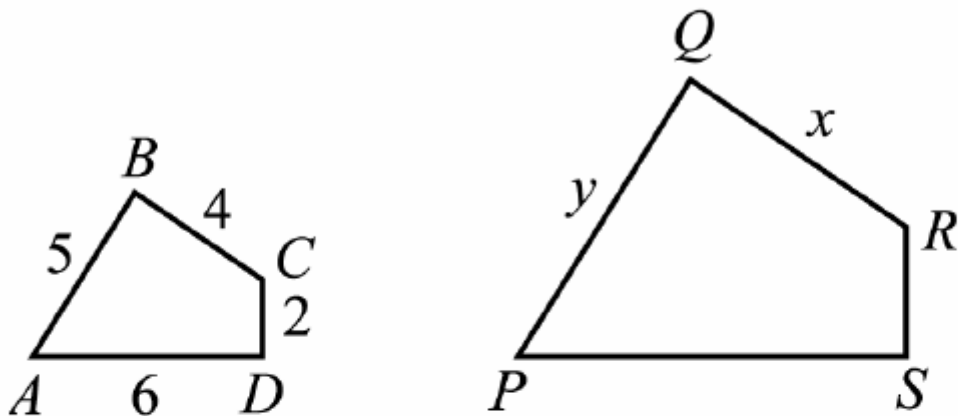


\overline{RQ} and \overline{PQ} are tangent to the circle, and $\overline{OP} \perp \overline{OR}$. Which statement BEST describes quadrilateral $OPQR$?

- A** It is a parallelogram, but $\angle Q > 90^\circ$.
- B** It is a rectangle, but $RQ \neq PQ$.
- C** It is a trapezoid, and $PQ > OR$.
- D** It is a rhombus, and $\angle Q = 90^\circ$.

Question 9.

In the figure below, quadrilateral $ABCD$ is similar to quadrilateral $PQRS$.



Which of the following gives x in terms of y ?

A $x = \frac{4}{5} y$

B $x = \frac{4}{6} y$

C $x = \frac{5}{4} y$

D $x = \frac{5}{6} y$

Question 10.

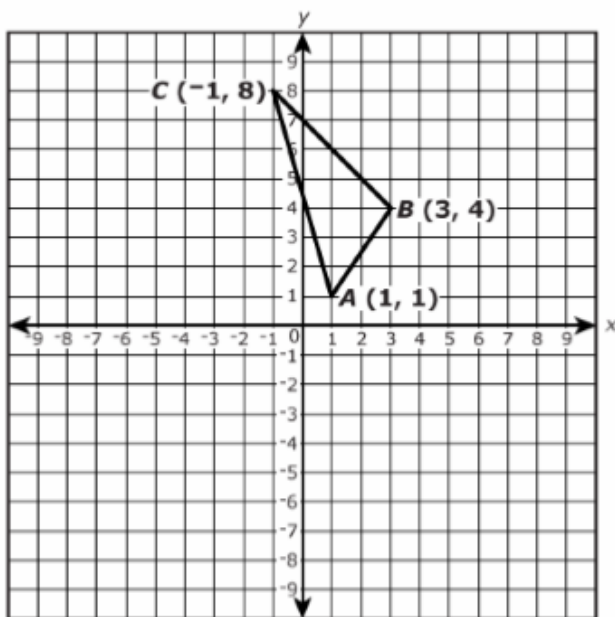
Which set of points is equidistant from the rays that form an angle?

- A** perpendicular bisector
- B** skew line
- C** angle bisector
- D** central angle

Bonus

Calculator Part (continued)

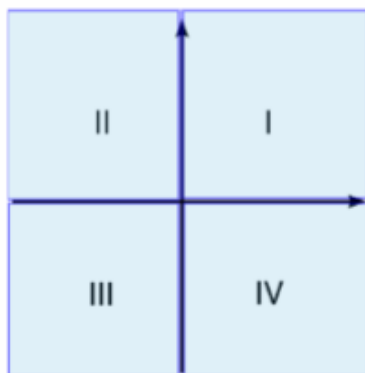
14. Triangle ABC is graphed in the coordinate plane with vertices $A(1, 1)$, $B(3, 4)$, and $C(-1, 8)$ as shown in the figure.



Part A

Triangle ABC will be reflected across the line $y = 1$ to form $\triangle A'B'C'$.

Select all quadrants of the xy -coordinate plane that will contain at least one vertex of $\triangle A'B'C'$.

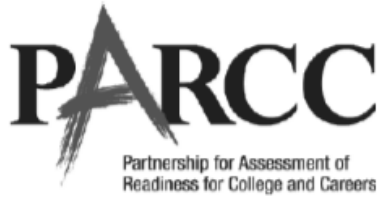


Part B

What are the coordinates of B' ?

Enter your answers in the boxes.

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High School Mathematics Assessment Reference Sheet

1 inch = 2.54 centimeters
1 meter = 39.37 inches
1 mile = 5280 feet
1 mile = 1760 yards
1 mile = 1.609 kilometers

1 kilometer = 0.62 mile
1 pound = 16 ounces
1 pound = 0.454 kilograms
1 kilogram = 2.2 pounds
1 ton = 2000 pounds

1 cup = 8 fluid ounces
1 pint = 2 cups
1 quart = 2 pints
1 gallon = 4 quarts
1 gallon = 3.785 liters
1 liter = 0.264 gallons
1 liter = 1000 cubic centimeters

Triangle	$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$
Parallelogram	$A = bh$
Circle	$A = \pi r^2$
Circle	$C = \pi d$ or $C = 2\pi r$
General Prisms	$V = Bh$
Cylinder	$V = \pi r^2 h$
Sphere	$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$
Cone	$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$
Pyramid	$V = \frac{1}{3}Bh$

Quadratic Formula	$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$
Arithmetic Sequence	$a_n = a_1 + (n - 1)d$
Geometric Sequence	$a_n = a_1 r^{n-1}$
Geometric Series	$S_n = \frac{a_1 - a_1 r^n}{1 - r}$ where $r \neq 1$
Radians	1 radian = $\frac{180}{\pi}$ degrees
Degrees	1 degree = $\frac{\pi}{180}$ radians