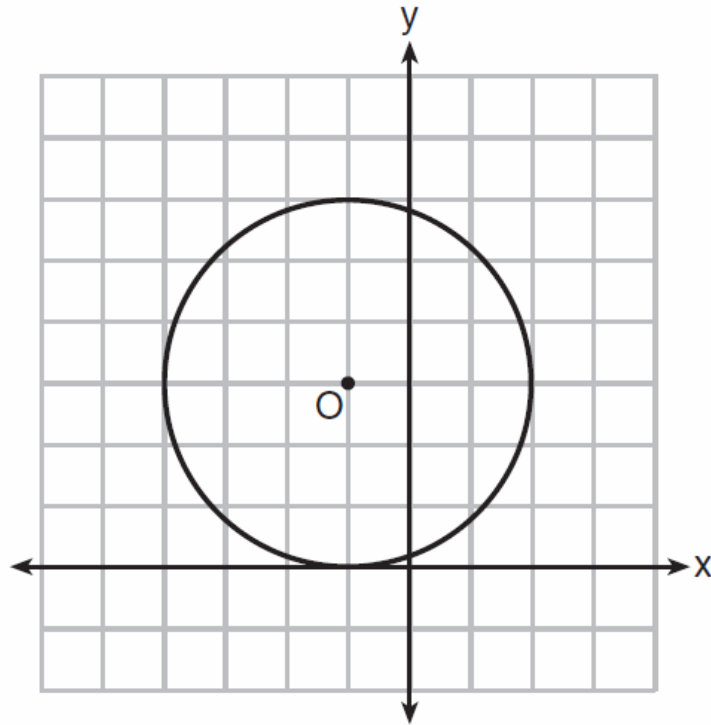


Question 4.

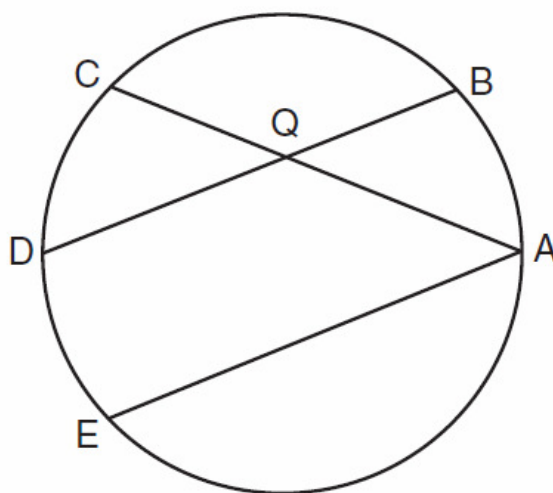
Circle O is graphed on the set of axes below. Which equation represents circle O ?



- (1) $(x + 1)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 9$
- (2) $(x - 1)^2 + (y + 3)^2 = 9$
- (3) $(x + 1)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 6$
- (4) $(x - 1)^2 + (y + 3)^2 = 6$

Question 5.

In the diagram of the circle shown below, chords \overline{AC} and \overline{BD} intersect at Q , and chords \overline{AE} and \overline{BD} are parallel.

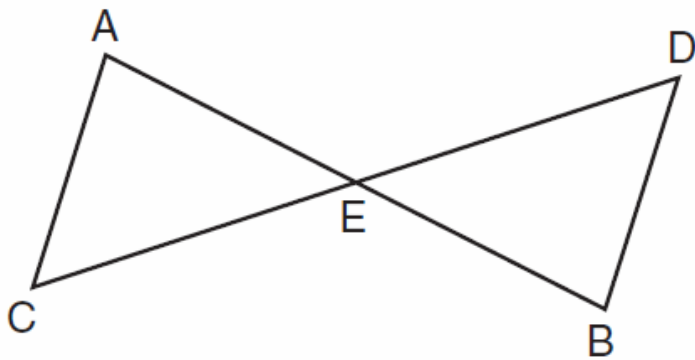


Which statement must always be true?

- (1) $\widehat{AB} \cong \widehat{CD}$ (3) $\widehat{AB} \cong \widehat{DE}$
(2) $\widehat{DE} \cong \widehat{CD}$ (4) $\widehat{BD} \cong \widehat{AE}$

Question 6.

In the diagram below, $\triangle AEC \cong \triangle BED$.



Which statement is *not* always true?

(1) $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{BD}$

(3) $\angle EAC \cong \angle EBD$

(2) $\overline{CE} \cong \overline{DE}$

(4) $\angle ACE \cong \angle DBE$

Question 7.

What is the length of \overline{RS} with $R(-2,3)$ and $S(4,5)$?

(1) $2\sqrt{2}$

(3) $2\sqrt{10}$

(2) 40

(4) $2\sqrt{17}$

Question 8.

A regular polygon has an exterior angle that measures 45° . How many sides does the polygon have?

- (1) 10
- (2) 8
- (3) 6
- (4) 4

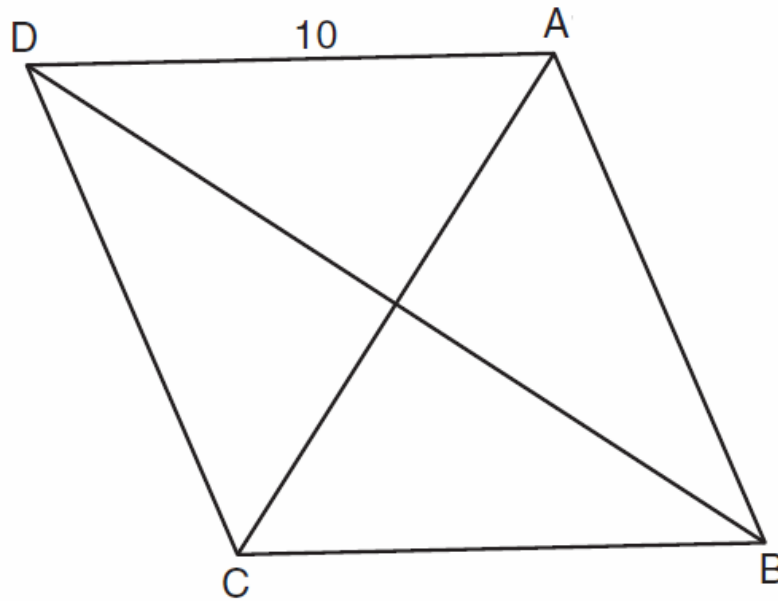
Question 9.

What are the truth values of the statement “Two is prime” and its negation?

- (1) The statement is false and its negation is true.
- (2) The statement is false and its negation is false.
- (3) The statement is true and its negation is true.
- (4) The statement is true and its negation is false.

Question 10.

In rhombus $ABCD$, with diagonals \overline{AC} and \overline{DB} , $AD = 10$.



If the length of diagonal \overline{AC} is 12, what is the length of \overline{DB} ?

- (1) 8
- (2) 16
- (3) $\sqrt{44}$
- (4) $\sqrt{136}$

Bonus

The degree measure of an angle in a right triangle is x , and $\sin x = \frac{1}{3}$.

Which of these expressions are also equal to $\frac{1}{3}$?

Select **all** that apply.

- A.** $\cos(x)$
- B.** $\cos(x - 45^\circ)$
- C.** $\cos(45^\circ - x)$
- D.** $\cos(60^\circ - x)$
- E.** $\cos(90^\circ - x)$



High School Mathematics Assessment Reference Sheet

| | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 inch = 2.54 centimeters | 1 kilometer = 0.62 mile | 1 cup = 8 fluid ounces |
| 1 meter = 39.37 inches | 1 pound = 16 ounces | 1 pint = 2 cups |
| 1 mile = 5280 feet | 1 pound = 0.454 kilograms | 1 quart = 2 pints |
| 1 mile = 1760 yards | 1 kilogram = 2.2 pounds | 1 gallon = 4 quarts |
| 1 mile = 1.609 kilometers | 1 ton = 2000 pounds | 1 gallon = 3.785 liters |
| | | 1 liter = 0.264 gallons |
| | | 1 liter = 1000 cubic centimeters |

| | |
|----------------|-----------------------------|
| Triangle | $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$ |
| Parallelogram | $A = bh$ |
| Circle | $A = \pi r^2$ |
| Circle | $C = \pi d$ or $C = 2\pi r$ |
| General Prisms | $V = Bh$ |
| Cylinder | $V = \pi r^2 h$ |
| Sphere | $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ |
| Cone | $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ |
| Pyramid | $V = \frac{1}{3}Bh$ |

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Quadratic Formula | $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$ |
| Arithmetic Sequence | $a_n = a_1 + (n - 1)d$ |
| Geometric Sequence | $a_n = a_1 r^{n-1}$ |
| Geometric Series | $S_n = \frac{a_1 - a_1 r^n}{1 - r}$ where $r \neq 1$ |
| Radians | 1 radian = $\frac{180}{\pi}$ degrees |
| Degrees | 1 degree = $\frac{\pi}{180}$ radians |