

From the Discovery, you should have found that:

The sum of the exterior angles of any polygon is always 360° .

This fact is useful for finding the size of an interior angle of a regular polygon.

Example 6



A regular polygon has 15 sides. Calculate the size of each interior angle.

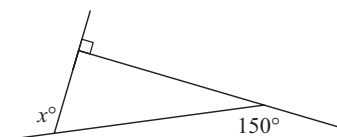
For a 15-sided polygon, each exterior angle is $360^\circ \div 15 = 24^\circ$

\therefore each interior angle is $180^\circ - 24^\circ = 156^\circ$

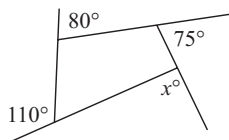
EXERCISE 4E

1 Solve for x :

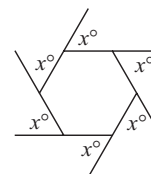
a



b



c



2 Calculate the size of each interior angle of these regular polygons:

a with 5 sides

b with 8 sides

c with 10 sides

d with 20 sides

e with 100 sides

f with n sides

3 Calculate the number of sides of a regular polygon given that an exterior angle is:

a 45°

b 15°

c 2°

d $\frac{1}{2}^\circ$

4 Calculate the number of sides of a regular polygon with an interior angle of:

a 120°

b 150°

c 175°

d 179°

Review set 4A

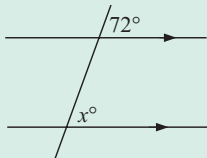
1 Copy and complete: If two parallel lines are cut by a third line then:

a the alternate angles are

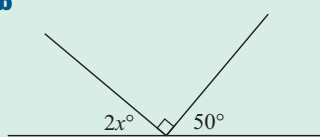
b co-interior angles are

2 Find the value of the unknown, giving reasons for your answer:

a



b



c

